

Incoterms® 2010

Incoterms®, or **IN**ternational **CO**mmercial **TERMS**, were created in 1936 by the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) in order to harmonize and unify the world trade.

The last update took place in 2000: trade has changed so much in 10 years that the update was necessary to follow the current business practices. Incoterms® added to the sales contracta ct as « international language » in order to reduce the possible interpretations as to the responsibility of each

party involved. Incoterms® define the responsibilities of buyers and sellers concerning the delivery of goods uder sales contracts. Incoterms® 2010 take into account the lastest developments in commercial practice, updates and include some of the old rules.

The new classification system divides the 11 Incoterms® into two distinct groups :

Incoterms multimodaux (peu importe le mode de transport)

EXW Ex works

(... named place of delivery)

FCA Free carrier

(... named place of delivery)

CPT Carriage paid to

(... named place of destination)

CIP Carriage and insurance paid to

(... named place of destination)

DAT Delivered at place

(... named terminal at port or place of destination)

DAP Delivered at place

(... named place of destination)

DDP Delivered duty paid

(... named place of destination)

Incoterms purement maritimes

FAS Free alongside ship

(... named port of shipment)

FOB Free on board

(... named port of shipment)

CFR Cost and freight

(... named port of destination)

CIF Cost insurance & freight

(... named port of destination)



Incoterms® ICC 2010 – waterway transport

